were unanimously adopted: Resolved. That the present administration of public affairs at Washington has not met with our entire approbation, and we believe that under the pretext of prudence and moderation the true interests of the South have been trampled under foot and a new impetus given to the reckless machinations of Northern fanat-

Resolved, That we will abide by that law known as the " compromise " not as an exposition of our principles, but only as a mutual concession of mutual rights and as an olive branch of peace to our agitated

Resolved, That our devotion to those principles which Jefferson originated and Jackson perpetuated, is fervent and unabated, and that we will give our cordial an unanimous support to their exponent in the

ensuing Presidential campaign.

Resolved. That we would recommend to the consideration of the National Democratic Convention the names of James Buchanan, for President, and Robert Strange, for Vice President; we have tested the one

and will try the other. Resolved. That our confidence in the present Chief Executive of this State, is confirmed by the ability which has marked his administration, and that we cordially solicit his re-nomination by the Democratic

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint Delegates to attend the several Conventions. Under the sixth Resolution the Chairman appoint-

ed the following Delegates to attend the State Convention in May next:

Maj. J. M. Palmer, Maj. Thomas Howerton, Col. C. M. Latimer, Dr. Pride Jones, John U. Kirkland, Esq., William H. Bailey, Esq., J. D. Carlton, R. Nichols, Esq., P. B. Ruffin, Win, Nelson, Esq., T. Y. Mehane, Col P. Nelson, C. C. Smith, W. Ward, F. Walker, Esq., T. Lynch, Esq., Wm. Mebane, Esq., W. W. Allison, Gen. Joseph Allison, R. M. Jones, W. F. Strayborn, Esq., E. D. McNair, Esq., R A. C. Jones, B. S. Durham, Sterling Procter, Wilson Brown, P. H. McDade, J. B. Linsey, W. H. Howerton, John F. Lyon, R. M. Shields, John Berry, Wm. Paul, Esq., W. T. Shields, T. P. Paul, Williamston Parish, and Wm. Gray.

The Chairman then appointed the following Delegates to attend the County Convention, to be held in Hillsborough on Tuesday of next May Court, to nominate candidates for the next Legislature :

W. H. Brown, Esq., William Paul, Esq., Col. C. Jones, Win. S. Cheek, Murril Utley, John U. Kirkland, Esq., A. W. Hedgepeth, R. Nichols, Esq., Dr. P. Jones, Henry Richards, John F. Lyon, Esq., Charles Wilson, Esq., Page Scarlett, Hugh Kirkpatrick, Esq., John Cheek, John McCown, William Dake, Bedford Hurdle, Wm. McCowan, Isaac Holdan, S. P. Moore, J. B. McDade, H. S. Jones, Bryant Strowd, Esq., Jonn McDade, Ezekiel Hailee, Harris Wilkerson, James Malone, Rulin Cooke, H. Terry, Esq., Henry Malone, J. R. Hester, Joseph McCullock, Joseph McKee, N. Hester, D. T. Linner, Wm. T. Tate, Wm. H. Thompson, Lewis Hutchins, H. Woods, Dr. Sam Woods, James Allison, George A. Mebane, Naty. Bain, Meekins Carrington, Henry Cheek, Ephraim Carrington, Hawkins Strowd, John Wood, Esq., John L. Woods, J. Brown, John W. Woods, J. S. Brown, S. H. Breeze, Freeman Walker, Thomas Faucett, Alvis Durham, James N. Strayhorn, Andrew Tarrier, George S. Cozzin, William Ward, John Tarrier, William H. Bailey, and C. S.

trict Convention.

On motion of W. H. Bailey, Esq., the Chairman and Secretary were added to both lists of Delegates. On motion of John F. Lyon Esqr. it was Resolved. That the Standard, Democrat, and Recorder, be re-Quested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

On motion of W. H. Jordan, the meeting then ad-W. N. PRATT, Ch'n. journed. W. H. JORDAN, Sec'y.

Democratic Meeting in Bertic. At a meeting of a portion of the Democratic party held at the Court House in Bertie County, on Monday, the 15th day of March, 1852, Willie J. Gillam,

appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been explained by the chairman, in a very forcible and stirring manner, Dr. Wm. A. Turner introduced the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Esq., was called to the Chair and Wm. A. Ferguson

WHEREAS, It has been recommended that the Democracy of the several countries of this District hold meetings and appoint delegates to meet in Gatesville, for the purpose of appointing one or more delegates to the National Convention, to be held in Baltimore on the first day of June next, and also to appoint delegates-to a State Convention, in Raleigh, to nominate a candidate for Governor; and whereas, we concur in these recommendations, therefore,

Resulved, That - delegates be appointed to represent this County in the District Convention, to be held in the town of Gatesville, on Monday, the 29th Resulved, That - delegates be appointed to repre-

sent this County in the State Convention, to be held in Raleigh, on Thursday, the 13th of May next. Resolved, That we have an abiding confidence in our present able and patriotic Chief Magistrate, David S. Reid, and that we will cordially unite in sup-

port of his re-election. On motion of Joseph Jordan, Esq., the Chairman appointed the following gentlemen a committee to select suitable persons to represent the County in the next General Assembly, viz: Dr. Wm. A. Turner, Perry C. Tyler, Isaac P. Freeman, James R. Duers,

and W. A. Ferguson. In accordance with the first Resolution, the Chair-Wm. S. Brown, Dr. Wm. H. Speller, Peter D. Paschall, Thomas R. Speller, John Freeman, John Mitchell, Ir., Dr. Wm. A. Turner, Noah H. Thompson, Dr. A. J. Askew, Whit. R. Swain, R. T. Freeman, James R. Rayner, Joseph J. Rascoe, James Burden,

and Joseph J. Freeman. And, agreeably to the 2d Resolution, the following were appointed delegates to the District Convention, viz: Wm. D. Mitchell, James Williford, James S. Mitchell, Dr. Henry S. Mitchell, Joseph Jordan, Jno. Henry, Moses L. Mizell, James R. Duers, Willie J. Gillam, William Mardre, Isaac P. Freeman, John S. Briiton, William H. Pierce, Thos. R. Speller, Jas. Burden, Jno. M. Heckstall, Dr. A. J Askew, George Lane, Wm. A. Worley, Wm. J. Freeman, Wm. D. Askew, John R. Ferguson, John White, and J. Hill

After appointing Delegates to the State and District Conventions, the Chairman made a short but eloquent and enthusiastic speech, arging the necessity of the Delegates attending the said Conventions.

No 9. And erson H. Williams, Database B. Sorsby. Willie Davis. Nashville, J. R. Drake, B. Sorsby. On motion of R. P. Freeman, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of Delegates to both

District and State Conventions. On motion of W. A. Ferguson, ordered that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the Democratic Pioneer and North Carolina Standard.

On motion of R. P. Freeman, the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman, after which,

on motion, the meeting adjourned.
WILLIE J. GILLAM, Chairman. WILLIAM A. FERGUSON, Secretary.

Democratic Meeting in Cleaveland. A large and respectable portion of the democrats of Cleaveland met in the Court House on the 8th, being Sale day, and the meeting was organized by ealling Edward Rippey to the chair, -J. K. Irby, Secretary. The object of the meeting was explained by the Secretary, aft r which A. W. Burton was called upon and respondede in an eloquent speech of half an hour's length, dealing some heavy blows against the self-styled Whig party, and clearly showing the necesssity of a united action on the part of the democracy in the ensuing election. At the close of his address he submitted the following R.

cratic party shall assemble in Convention at Raleigh on the 13th day of May next for the purpose of nominating a constitute of the purpose of nominating a c

be held at Baltimore on the first day of June next, and we the democrats of Cleaveland being desirous of being represented in said State Convention,

Therefore be it Resolved, That the chairman appoint five delegates o attend said Convention. Resolved, That we have an abiding confidence in

said Convention as a suitable person to receive said

W. W. Holden as alternate. Resolved, That we recummend to the Democratic said Baltimore Convention.

On motion of H. DeK. Cabaniss, it was olina Republican and Mountain Banner, and that the Standard be requested to copy the same.

its banner to the breeze, with its principles inscribed recommending the adoption of the Resolutions introwere taken up and adopted by an unanimous vote.

In accordance with the 2nd resolution the Chair-Charles Blanton, Martin Rippey, Jacob Randal, and James F. Elliott.

The meeting then adjourned. EDWARD RIPPEY, Ch'n. Jos. K. IRBY, Sec'y. Democratic Meeting in Forsyth.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Forsyth county, held at the Court House, in Winston, on Tueswas called to the Chair and Albert V. Sullivan requested to act as Secretary.

Joseph Masten, Esq., then offered the following

resolutions, which were unanimously concurred in. devolve upon the democrats the necessity of choosing a suitable standard-bearer in the ensuing canvass for smut wheat?

1. Be it therefore Resolved, That we approve of the proposition to hold a State Convention in the city of Raleigh, on the 13th day of May next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Gubernatorial Chair of the State.

d Convention.

Whereas, It is proposed to hold a District Convenfor the purpose of appointing a delegate to represent this Congressional District in the Baltimore Conven- and Davie's Arithmetics. tion in June next, to nominate men for President and Vice President.

3. Resolved, That the Chairman name sixteen delegates to represent this county in said Convention. Resolved. That our confidence in his Excellency, DAVID S. REID, remains unimpaired, and we recoinmend him to the Raleigh Convention as our choice for the office of Governor, and pledge him (if nominated) an old fashioned majority from this section of the shoe-string district.

tion the following delegates, to-wit : Phillip Barrow, gives \$160,371.

John E. Clayton, Nath'l. Sullivan, Col. H Shouse, Dr. E. Kerner, Joseph Masten, Col. S. A. Spaugh, months and days. Solo. Transu. Charles B. Ogburn, Allen Flynt, Eli Rominger, E. F. Clewell, En gene Conrad,

.On motion the meeting adjourned. HENRY MARSHALL, Che'n. A. V. SULLIVAN. Sec'y.

Democratic Meeting in Nash.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Nash County, held at the Court House, in Nashville, on Tuesday, the 16th instant, on motion, Dr. John H. Drake was called to the Chair, and G. E. B. Singeltary appointed

The object of the meeting having been explained. Messrs. Robert Hart, Richard Short, John Braswell, appointed Committee to prepare Resolutions, who reported the following, which were unanimously

1. Resolved, That we have undiminished confidence in the Hon. David S. Reid, and will use our utmost endeavors to secure his re-election to the post which

2. Resoled, That, with the "lights before us" the

sidency.

3. Resolved, That the Democracy of North Carolina have battled long and manfully against the hosts We meant what we said in its fullest and broadest of Federalism, till victory has at last perched upon their banners, and we deem it our right and duty to whole State. It would seem, from the funny remarks urge our long neglected claims. We therefore bring of the Commercial, that the Editor of that paper canforward, for the second office in the gift of the American people, the name of the Hon. Robert Strange. man appointed the following delegates to the State State Convention to be held in Raleigh, and to the District Convention to be held in this place, on the

29th of April next. 5. Resolved, That in our opinion, the safety of the South and the preservation of the Union, can only be secured by a rigid adherence to the doctrines of the the Democratic party, as laid down by Jefferson, Madison, and the Resolutions of '98-99.

Under the fourth Resolution the Chairman appointed the following gentlemen delegates to the State

District No. 1. Thomas M. Arrington, B. D. Mann, Wm. Mourning. No 2. Col. Jno. E. Lindsey, David McDaniel. Robert H. Marriott. No 3. A. H. Arrington, N. W. Cooper, R. Griffin. No 4. Jos. A. Drake, M. Joiner, J. Joiner. No 5. T. J. A. Cooper, J. Q. Taylor, R. D. Wells. No 6. John W. Bryant, Matthew Wilder, William Pitts. No 7. Dr. Joseph M. Taylor, B. C. Strickland, D. H. Bunn. No 8. Ford Taylor, Haywood Hardy, Bryant Rice. No 9. Anderson H. Williams, Zachariah Hinton,

And the following delegates to the District Convention: Samuel L. Arrington, Thomas W. Avent, Robert D. Hart, Col. Asael Vick, Jos. A. Drake, John E. Thorne, Joel Wells, Dr. J. F. Drake. John Harrison, W. W. Boddie, John Braswell, Exum L. Curl, Orrin Cobb, Willie Cooper, Nelson Bone, N. Marcus Lewis, A. J. Taylor, James Bryant, Jesse Taylor, David Winsted, A. B. Baines, William Peale, measure of protection for their own interests—the in-J. Peale, Alfred Boykin, G. Lewis, William Smith. John R. Drake.

On motion the Chairman and Secretary were added to the above delegations. On motion the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and Secretary. On motion the proceedings of the meeting were or-

dered to be sent to the Standard for publication. Whereupon the meeting adjourned JOHN H. DRAKE, Jr. Chr's.

G. E. B. SINGELTARY, Sec'y. THE PLAGUE. It is stated much apprehension is elt in New Orleans of the approach of a new disease

which is called the plague, and is now said to be prevailing in some of the West India Islands.

IMPORTANT TO MILLERS.

MR. EDITOR: Permit me, through your paper, to call the attention of millers to the Smut Machine that is now in common use in many portions of our State, and is at this time manufactured by Mr. John A. Mc-Mannen, of South Lowell Mills, Ora nge county, N. the integrity, capacity and political faith of his Ex- C. Mr. McMannen has for several years past been cellency David S. Reid, and we do recommend him to engaged in the sale of this machine, he being the sole proprietor of the right to make and vend them in this and some of the adjoining States. As to the Resolved, That in case of the failure of said delegates to attend said Convention, we do hereby appoint ment doubt who has ever seen it in operation. It has ong since been a settled question in portions of the country where it is in successful operation, that it is party in this Congressional district to meet us in con- indispensable to the manufacture of good flour out of vention here or in some more suitable place on the smut wheat. We all know that the washing process second Monday in April next for the purpose of electing a delegate to represent said district in the afore- and perplexing one, but that it is one of great uncertainty, as it is no uncommon thing for large quantities of wheat to be lost after washing by cloudy and Resolved, That these resolutions, together with the rainy weather before it can be sufficiently dried; thus proceedings of this meeting, be published in the Car-olina Republican and Mountain Banner, and that the in the preparation. The smut machines made and Before the vote was taken the audience was gratified sold by McMannen, so far as I have been able to aswith an address from Maj. H. DeK. Cabaniss, in certain, are greatly preferred to all others, by those which he showed the honesty and integrity of his who have given them a trial. I am credibly informheart, by renouncing his former principles-stating ed that other machines have been taken down and that the Whig party had ceased to advocate its for- removed to make place for his. The frequent and mer, and, as a party, has no avowed platform; therefore, he had quit, and would hereafter be found in the and the length of time they have been in use in our ranks of Democracy, battling for the party that holds State, all argue as to the great utility as well as the superiority of this machine. It is a truth conceded on both sides-" Equal Suffrage;" and concluded by by all in my section of country that there is no such thing as making good flour out of smut wheat until duced by Mr. Burton. Whereupon the resolutions it has been subjected to the cleansing and scouring process of the smut machine; and even admitting that wheat has not smut, I view it as a most useful man appointed the following Delegates: Wm. Green, and almost indispensable piece of machinery in every manufacturing mill, because it enables the miller to free our wheat by the scouring and winnowing process from many other impurities besides smut. My wheat crops for several years past have been affected with smut, and it appears to be extending as a disease in that crop over the country. The only way I have been enabled to get flour fit for use for several years past out of smut wheat, was to send the wheat to mills having McMannen's smut machine; and I day the 16th inst., on motion Col. Henry Marshall can in truth say I have never been disappointed in getting a good article. Is it not important, then, Mr. Editor to every community, to their interest and comfort, that the owners of mills should as soon as practicable procure one of those smut machines, that they Whereas, The time is close at hand when it will may be enabled to give their customers in time to come a good and wholesome article of flour out of GRANVILLE.

MR. EDITOR: I noticed in your last paper what purported to be a new method of calculating interest at six per cent for days. I have also seen several times in various papers of late, what purported to be 2. Resolved, That the Chairman have authority to a new method for calculating interest for any given appoint twenty delegates to represent this county in time at six per cent. These rules are very good and exceedingly simple, but I protest against calling them new. I have been using them at least twelve years. tion in Greensburough, on Tuesday of May Court, I do not know how long they have been published to the country, but they can be found in both Smith's

> The simplest rule I know for calculating interest, deduced from the rules in these works, is this: Reduce the years and months to months, divide by two and regard the quotient as hundredths for a multiplier. Divide the days by six, regard the quotient as thousandths, add it to the former multiplier and multiply the principal by this whole multiplier.

This will give the interest for six per cent. Thus : What is the interest of \$496,52 for 5 years 4 months and 18 days? 5 years and 4 months are 64 months. Joseph Masten and J. R. McLean, Esqrs. address- which, divided by 2 and regarded as hundredths, will Vard, John Tarrier, William H. Bailey, and C. S. ed the meeting on the foregoing Resolutions, with be 32. 18 days divided by 6 will give a which re-dence.

On motion of Wm. Ward, it was Resolved, That the same Delegates appointed for the County Con-The Chairman appointed under the second resolu- days and months. The principal multiplied by this

Michael Hauser, Robert Church, John Keller, J. M. can be performed by a single multiplication, and that not know, that General Scott, unless he were to pledge Stafford, John Boyier, J. A. Waugh, J. M. Vawter, it is equally applicable to calculations for years,

The reason of this rule is very simple. If any sum be placed at interest for six per cent per annum, Under third Resolution, the Chair appointed Wm. it will bring 1 of one per cent per month. Hence the Barrow, John Lawrence, E. B. Teague, Samuel Lau- number of months divided by 2 will give the numbgenour, Jacob F. Fain, John Masten, S. Spaugh, er of hundreths of the principal for the given time. Washington Payne, Wm. J. Cornelius, Capt. N. T. Any amount will bring one hundredth or one per Fetter, John Shids, Coleman Ziglar, Frederick Mor- cent in sixty days (two months); in six days it ris, Nathaniel Ketner, Romulus Shultz, A. M. Gam- will bring one-tenth as much, or one tenth of one hundredth, or one thousandth of the principal; hence On motion, it was resolved that a copy of these the reason of the rule quoted in your last. This will proceedings be forwarded to the North Carolina Stan- not give the interest for days exact to a fraction, for dard and People's Press, with a request that they it regards the month as composed of thirty days, but it is as accurate as any other method, and has the INTEREST. merit of simplicity.

> For the Standard. MR. HOLDEN: In your paper of the 17th instant, s a communication to the Baltimore Sun giving a plan to compute interest on any number of days at

six per cent per annum. My plan, I think, is shorter and more simple than to this plan of operations." that. Multiply the amount on which you wish to find the interest and divide by sixty, the result is the interest in dollars and cents—thus: what is the in-terest on \$436 for 27 days? \$436 multiplied by 27 J. B. Rice, N. W. Cooper, G. E. B. Singeltary, were is 11772, this amount divided by 60 is 196 12-60 or \$1,96 1-5. What is the interest on \$50 for five days? \$50 multiplied by five is 250, this divided by 60 is 4.10-60, or four and 1-6 cents.

The Commercial of this morning waxeth facetious upon what it is pleased to denominate our " very affectionate" advice to the whigs upon the subject of an open convention. We have remarked in a former article, that instead of mischief, we calculated upon much good springing from the action of prominent whig gentlemen here in opposition to a convention. sense. We meant good to the East, and good to the not rise to the comprehension of such a meaningcannot conceive such an idea. It would be nonsense for us to pretend any great desire for the saccess of the whig party; but upon this subject of the convention, we wish, if possible, to obtain the co-operation of goed men of all parties. A two-thirds vote is requisite for the passage of the law for abolishing the landed qualification for Senatorial electors; or, on the other hand, to call a convention; and no partizan can hope for the arrival of a time in this State, when one party can control a two-thirds vote in both branches not at least on a strict party vote. We hope, then, that the Commercial will see how men, strictly partizans it may be, but still desirous of obtaining the passage of a measure which they regard as just and proper, and defeating another which they look upon as dangerous in the extreme, may, in such an emergency, go beyond the limits of their own party, and rejoice in any and all favorable indications in the ranks of their opponents. The democrats, as a body, are with us. We go out from behind our entrenchments, and ask the conservative portion of our wnig opponents to come up and help us. If we wanted simply a party triumph our best plan would be to get the Whig party arrayed in solid phalanx against us on this question. In that case, although equal suffrage might be lost, the party that opposed it would inevitably share its fate. The Democrats of the State have so uniformly declared in favor of Equal Suffrage and the mode of obtaining it by enactment, etc., that we would be fairly justified in demanding its support N. Rice, John B. Rice, Henry Bryant, B. Vester, of all Democratic candidates as a matter of party faith. We ask it of all liberal minded Whigs, as terests of their section and their State. An open Convention means nothing more than an absolute white basis in both branches. The only available means of allaying the agitation for a Convention is by demonstrating the practicability of making desired amendments to the Constitution by another and less dangerous method. Such a desired and desirable amendment is this abolition of the landed qualification. Let Wilmington Journal

LONGEVITY. We are informed by a gentleman of this place that very recently Mr. John March, of middle Georgia, aged 79 years, paid a visit to his father We see by the papers that a disease called by the county, in this State. The junior Mr. Marsh found attic party shall be father in good health, although at the advanced Fayetteville Carolinian.

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1852.

GEN. SCOTT-THE "COMPROMISE." The Raleigh Register says it has no "distrust of Gen. Scott on the subject of the Compromise"-in other words, that paper assumes, without proof, that Gen. Scott is in favor of the fugitive-slave law, and was anxious for its passage when pending before

paper, takes quite a different view of the matter. That

" It is worse than idle for any Whig to calculate, or appose, that Gen. Scott can receive the electural vote of solitary Southern State in advance of public and explicit pledges in behalf of the Compromise."

The Intelligencer very clearly admits that, thus far, Gen. Scott has made no pledges on the subject

for the Democratic candidate, there are Southern States the Hon. Judge Strange, of Fayetteville. Fillmore as the candidate of the Whig party for the never being permitted to hold two consecutive terms Presidency. Now, we ask, is it probable that the in the same circuit, and has given as we have learned, Whigs of North Carolina will abandon their first and universal satisfaction. most emphatic choice for the purpose of supporting any man who will not pledge himself faithfully to adhere to that policy which has given Mr. Fillmore will rally to the old North State, in support of her all the public lands in their limits to their benefit his strong hold upon their affections? We have no favorite son." right to speak by the card for the Whigs of Carolina, and, therefore, do not presume to do so; but we are as sure as that we are tracing these lines, that all the party drill which could be brought to bear, would signally fail to wheel Carolina into the ranks of any such leader. Let us next look at Georgia-a State which Gen. Taylor carried by a respectable majority. Who, in his senses, can believe that General Scott, or quired pledge, can begin to carry Georgia? From Strange. Florida we have an authorized exposition of public opinion in Mr. Cabell's late speech in Congress. He tells us, most emphatically, that without a pledge to

need not hope to carry Florida." The Intelligencer then quotes, in confirmation of its opinion, the following from the Louisville Journal, edited by Prentice, and one of the leading Whig papers of the West:

"We perceive that a city paper (the Courier) has at its editorial head the names of General Scott and

There may be a state of case in which it will be both the duty and the pleasure of the Whigs of Kentucky to support General Scott for the Presidency; The advantages of this rule are, that any example but there is not a decently informed man here who does himself before the nation to support the Compromise, could not get the votes of even a tenth part of the Whigs of this State. The city paper, which we alluded to, unfurls the Scott flag, whilst Scott occupies a position before the public, in which nearly or quite all of the

Whigs of Kentucky would decline to support him." It is stated, however, that Gen. Scott has become somewhat alarmed at indications in the South, and that he is preparing a letter on the subject of the Scott Whigs in Washington " have had several pripromising his expected support from the Abolition Whigs of the North. The letter will be worded so as to contain a moveable platform, looking two or three ways that prudence and wisdom had better restrain us from at once. It will dodge the fugitive-siave law, and yet satisfy the South. William H. Seward WILL AGREE

New Hampshire has, as usual, elected the Democratic candidate for Governor, and a majority of the same sort" to the Legislature. Greens. Pat.

Why could you not frankly and honestly state that New Hampshire had endorsed the "compromise" as a finality, the fugitive-slave law included; and had also elected a Legislature who will see to it that John P. Hale is not returned to the United State's Senate? Come, Mr. Patriot, be honest-give your readers "the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. "

How is Scott stock up your way? Are you, also, ready to go for him without reference to the "com-

MEDICAL.

The annual Commencement of the South Carolina Medical College took place on the 19th instant. The Report upon the state of the institution was read by Prof. Prioleau, exhibiting a highly prosperous condition of the same-the class in attendance being 232, of their business-the passing of counterfeit bills. and the number of candidates presented for the degree of Doctor of Medicine, 103.

The Degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon the following gentlemen from North Carolina: G. Hardy, Joseph P. Jenkins, S. O. McLaughlin, and J. L. Robbins.

The Democratic State Convention, to nominate candidate for Governor and appoint two Delegates to the Baltimore Convention, will assemble in this City | those on whom counterfeit money was found: on Thursday the 13th day of May. The Whig State Convention will assemble here on Monday, the 26th

A Convention of the Delegates, from the various counties of this Congressional District, will be held in Nashville on Thursday the 29th of April, for the purpose of appointing a Delegate to represent this District in the Baltimore Convention.

We are glad to see that the Senate of Pennsylvania has passed a bill repealing so much of the "obstruction law" as forbids the use of her prisons for the purpose of detaining fugitive slaves. This is the bill which was passed by the Legislature last year, and which Gov. Johnston put in his pocket, refusing to give it his signature. Should it pass the House, it is certain of Gov. Bigler's approval.

The Union men of Dade, Cass, and Bibb counties, Georgia, have passed Resolutions against sending Delegates to the Baltimore Convention. On the other that be passed, and the agitation receives a death hand, the State Right's Democrats of Georgia are making preparations to be represented in that body.

There was a considerable fall of snow in Wilmington on Friday last, and we had a slight sprinkling of Mr. Wm. Marsh, who is still living in Chatham it here on Friday night, with ice. The weather was county, in this State. The junior Mr. Marsh found quite cold, but we have the fruit has escaped quite cold, but we hope the fruit has escaped.

HON. ROBERT STRANGE.

The Norfolk Daily News has withdrawn the name of Gov. Floyd, of Virginia, as its first choice for McRae, Esq., addressed to the Wilmington Journal. Vice President; but that paper still flies at its masthead the name of Judge Douglas as its first choice misrepresentation of some of his remarks, by the for President. The News agrees with the Richmond Wilmington Herald: Examiner, (which has also expressed a preference To the Editor of the Journal : for Judge Douglas,) that North Carolina has strong for Judge Douglas,) that North Caronna has strong of March 13th, demands a notice at my hands, regret to perceive in that article as of hands, have responded in the most liberal and generous manner to the late nominations by County Meetings in a meeting of the citizens of the town, lately held for this State, of the Hon. Robert Strange for the Vice the purpose of effecting some improvement of our Presidency. The News says:

land of Nathaniel Macon, most entitled to it. Borne has been done to the cause which he professes to ad. contested the ground, inch by inch; and though defeated again and again, they have returned to the Such is not a fair statement of my position. feated again and again, they have related again again, they have related again again. elected their Governor, the present worthy incumbent. In no State in the Union has the Democratic party contended against greater odds, or borne itself more -that paper is not prepared, as the Register is, to bravely. Heretofore, unsuccessful in all its strugtake rumors as pledges. The Intelligencer continues gles, it has asked nothing of the party, content with being simply a soldier in the ranks; but her last struggle has given her the prestige of victory, and "General Scott may think, and probably with good she now asks in the coming canvass, to be led on by ause, that the Virginia Whigs ought not to be con- one of her own sons. The request should be grantsulted very deferentially in the premises, because, ed, and if it shall be, as we trust it will, we feel conheretofore, the vote of Virginia has been cast for the fident, we shall hereafter find North Carolina enrollcandidate of the Democracy. But, conceding-al- ed in the list of democratic States. The gentleman though we have strong hopes of better things, in the designated in almost all the county meetings which event that a proper course is pursued—that Virginia have been held in the State, and who will receive the the improvement of North Carolina, without refer.

which have been, heretofore, very reliably Whig. He is widely known as a ripe scholar, an emiwhich will not vote for Gen. Scott, in the absence of nent lawyer, and a sound and consistent politician. these pledges. We shall begin with our next door, He was conspicuous while a member of the United and most respected neighbor, North Carolina. Re- States Senate, for the learning and research display- true principles of our government. cently, Whig meetings have been held all over that ed by him in the various questions discussed before reliable Whig State, for the purpose of sending dele- that body, and for the glowing eloquence with which gates to a Convention which will soon assemble at he enforced his opinions, and though occupying that Raleigh for the purpose of nominating a candidate for position in times of the greatest party excitement, he Governor. We have read the proceedings of these meetings as published in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his friends, by the bold position he asmeetings as published in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as a dimiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as admiration of his ritends, by the bold position in the Carolina papers, and, as a bid for popularity, contrary to the "Deeds of Carolina papers, and, as a bid for popularity, contrary to the "Deeds of Carolina papers, and papers,

In manner, and character, and services he possess- and a source of revenue; that the West has the pos

The nomination of Judge Strange by the Baltimore Convention, would indeed be most gratifying to the I had not deliberated upon, nor even adopted it my. North Carolina Democracy. It would add much to the strength of the party in the coming canvass; but, my mind; and this was, to give the lands to the aside from considerations of mere policy, we know States in which they lie-(of course not touching the of no man who would preside with more grace, digany other man refusing, or failing, to make the re-

By the way, the News is mistaken when it says alent, ample appropriations by Congress to the other the Democrats of this State lost the last Legislature. States of sufficient sums for works of improvement support the Compromise, Gen. Scott and his friends They carried the last Legislature, as they expect to carry the next, by a decided majority.

MR. CLAY FOR MR. FILLMORE.

The New York Express denies the truth of the alike to both parties. This is very far from an apstory that Mr. Clay had avowed a preference for the probation of Mr. Clay's "system;" it is directly election of Gen. Cass as President; and that paper publishes, by permission, the following extract of a Governor Jones, for the Presidency and Vice-Presi- private letter from Mr. Clay, addressed to one of his ever to live animated by such a spirit, and to die friends in New York City, from which it will be cherishing it. My sole purpose in that meeting was seen that he is in favor of Mr. Fillmore:

* " You rightly understood me in expressing a preference for Mr. Fillmore as the Whig candidate for the Presidency. This I did before I left home, and have frequently here in private intercourse, since my arrival at Washington. I care not how generally the fact may be known, but I should not deem it right to publish any formal avowal of that preference under my own signature in the newspapers. Such a course would subject me to the imputation of supposing that my opinions possessed more weight with the public than I apprehend they do. The foundation of my preference is, that Mr. Fillmore has administered the Executive Government "Compromise." The New York Herald says the with signal success and ability. He has been tried and found true, faithful, honest and conscientions. I wish to say nothing in derogation from his eminent vate meetings, and have agreed to prepare a letter, to competitors. They have both rendered great services be signed by the General, which may be calculated to their country—the one in the field, the other in the to remove the objections of the South, without com- cabinet. They might possibly administer the government as well as Mr. Fillmore has done. But then neither of them has been tried. He has been tried in the elevated position he now holds, and I think of North Carolina will lose the only opportunity making any change without a necessity for it-the existence of which I do not perceive.

I am truly your friend and obedient servant.

H. CLAY." Mr. Clay admits that Gen. Scott has rendered services to the country " in the field," but he declines they may be needed. to endorse his statesmanship. He thinks Mr. Webster or Gen. Scott might " possibly " do as well as Mr Fillmore, but it is evident that he is not disposed to ticle has imposed on me.

COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED. We copy from the last Columbia South-Carolinian the following account of the arrest of some counterfeiters, the most of whom, it seems, were from this

"Some weeks ago a caravan of North Carolinians passed through Columbia, offering for sale various articles of produce, and purchasing clothing and other articles, for which they offered in payment paper mon-

ey. This was afterwards found to be counterfeit. After leaving us, they proceeded down as far as Orangeburg, where the wagons and a portion of the to which the subject was referred, has made the party remained, while two of them proceeded to Charleston to prosecute operations in the main branch They re-appeared in our vicinity on Saturday, when our indefatigable muncipal police, co-operating with D. B. Miller, Esq., made a descent on the camp, about four miles from Columbia, in Lexington district, at six o'clock on Sunday morning, bringing the whole party to town where they were safely lodged till yesterday morning, at which time they had a hear-

The investigation resulted in the committal of two of the party, and the examination of the balance is reserved for to-day. The following are the names of John D. Nelson, A. N. Dixson, and George W. Ray, of Ashe county, N. C., and Thomas Jefferson Reins alias Johnson, of Carroll county, Va., late of Ashe county, N. C.

The counterfeits were of the denominations of \$2. \$10, \$20, and \$100 bills, on banks in South Carolina, Louisiana, Tennessee, Kentucky, and Georgia. and Representatives respectively from and They were also provided with a few corner dellars of March, 1793, the 3d of March, 1813, and They were also provided with a few copper dollars of 3d of March, 1793, the 3d of March, 1833; and the act of 1850 having 1850 the Bogus stamp. The parties who were swindled in this place were

reinbursed in good funds." A NEW TERRITORY. "Ion" says the inhabitants of Carson's Valley have applied to Congress for the establishment of a territorial government over that re-

propose the name of Piota for the new territory. The region is said to be capable of a large population, and probably it may, in a few years, form a new State. THE SLAVE TRADE. A letter from Matanzas, under date of the 28th ult., says that the American brig Hanover landed eight hundred slaves on the island a king the seventh and subsequent censuses," appli short time before, having been brought from the coast May 23, 1850." of Africa. The Hanover was fitted out in the port of

New York, for the slave trade, and the attention of

the authorities was called to the fact at the time, but

no notice was taken of it.

HEAVY Hoes. Mr. David McDaniel, of Nash tured by Gen. Hardy, and brought a priso County, slaughtered seventeen hoge lately, which Brownsville. LAND WARRANTS MADE Assignable. Congress weighed as follows: 315, 379, 350, 354, (only one nating a candidate for the office of Governor and also to elect two delegates to the National Convention to by the name of plague in the East, is not stated.

| A Scott Association in New Orleans has published assignable. We shall give the bill in full in our of the National Convention to the Presidency.

| A Scott Association in New Orleans has published assignable. We shall give the bill in full in our of the National Convention to the Presidency.

| A Scott Association in New Orleans has published assignable. We shall give the bill in full in our of the National Convention to the Presidency. has at length passed the bill making land warrants year old,) 351, 301, 372, (one year old,) 4481, 298,

MR. McRAE.

The following communication, from Duncan K. DEAR SIR: An editorial in the Wilmington Herald

regret to perceive in that article, an effort to make political capital out of a speech delivered by myself at Bars and Harbor. I am sure that the gentleman con. ducting that press, did not intend to misrepresent me: For the Vice Presidency, of all the States in this nor do I think he meant me an unkindness; never, But the Petersburg Intelligencer, another Whig Union, we think our neighbor, North Carolina, the theless, I am misrepresented, and I fear an injury of the cause which he made to the c

I am reported as having "renounced my party was attended without distinction of party. Its ob. ject was in the strictest accordance with the principles of the democratic party, as your presence and mine, and that of many leading members of ourne ty attested.

In urging upon the citizens prompt and energetican tion, I took occasion to deprecate the violence of party excitement; to express the opinion that too much time had been wasted, and too much acrimony used in the discussion of national politics, and often of ab. stract principles, whilst the local and important interests of our State had been lost sight of, and were languishing. That men of all parlies ought to find some neutral ground on which to meet and strive for ence to national politics. The editor of the Heald will find, that on all proper occasions I shall be found with you and my democratic brethren in the mainten. ance of the principles of our party with an earnest and hearty zeal, believing them, as I do, to be the

I am further reported as having " endured the old measures of Mr. Clay—the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands among the States." Never a greater misapprehension. I have always regarded

What I did say was this, -that it was now ascertained that the public lands in the several new States could not much longer remain the common proper es great elements of success, and we hope Virginia er, and a very short time would witness a disposal that it was proper that the old States who ceded many of this land, should have some equivalent; and while self, I would throw out for the reflection of the met. ing, a plan of compromise, which presented itself to any future slavery agitation, (and a union with the West" would guarantee this,) and as a further equip. STRICTLY CONSTITUTIONAL. I stated that some such compromise might be justified by the necessity of the case, as was the "Missouri compromise," the "O gon con.promise," and the late "adjustment" con promise, and that the suggestion commended itself the reverse.

The editor does me no more than justice when h ascribes to me a " North Carolina spirit." I hope to endeavor to infuse such a spirit, sincerely appre hending as I do, that unless we are all stim that elevated position which her honesty, the indus trious habits and the intellectual character of he people so eminently entitle her to maintain. And it is a matter of regret that any desire should be felt or any effort made to create parly capital out of conduct entered upon with purely patriotic purposes to serve the interests of our native State, whose glory and prosperity should be our unceasing aim. Well as sured as I am that so long as I can "meet the views" of the organ of our party, and have the encourage ment of yours and the presence of many other good and true Republicans, such as I had at the meeting referred to, I shall not suffer from any suspicion party dereliction; and, animated by a spirit of party otism. I shall still strive for the object which the meeting had in view. It is a worthy one-it is a important one; the very existence of our town, the interests of the State demand it. Unless some provement on our bars, the energies and enterprise the town will have been spent in vain, and the Sm she has at present of a commercial city within le borders. And here I will say that it is earner hoped by the citizens of this place, that Congret will make suitable appropriations, not only for bars and harbor, but for the opening of " Nags Head and for all other legitimate improvements where

In conclusion, I have not been prompted to communication in any unkindness to the Editor the Herald, but only by the necessity which his

The last Journal calls upon those Whig paper which have copied the Herald's article, to do Mt. McRae the justice to copy also the foregoing con

ELECTORAL VOTE OF THE STATES. Our readers are aware (says the Petersburg lateligencer,) that the question has been raised whether the States will vote in the next Presidential electris under the apportionment of 1840 or that of 1850. W observe that the Senate's Committee on the Judiciary lowing report: " The Constitution provides that " Each Statest

appoint, in such manner as the Legislature there may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to white the State may be entitled in the Congress." These of Congress of March 1st, 1792, passed before an election of President had been held under a new 1) portionment, gives a construction to this clause the Constitution in these words: "Which cleans (of President and Vice President) shall be equal the number of Senators and Representatives to sta the several States may by law be entitled at the the when the President and Vice President thus to a chosen should come into office." The new app tionment under the first census took effect from after the 3d of March, 1793, (act of 14th April, 179 Accordingly, in 1792, in 1812, and in 1832, the Su gave a number of electoral votes for President Vice President equal to the number of their Sensi and Representatives respectively from and after ilar proviso to that of 1792, so it must be in the election next fall; that is, the States will vole us

the new and not under the old apportionment. Under these circumstances the Committee wet the opinion that no further legislation on the sub was necessary, and reported the following result

gion, which lies between Utah and California. They which was adopted : " Resolved, That the number of electoral v which each State shall be entitled in the election President and Vice President of the United in 1852, shall be equal to the number of Ses and Representatives to which each of said Said be found entitled by the apportionment under the uneration of 1850, as provided by the act

> CAPTURE OF CARVAJAL. It is stated that i tion had been received at New Orleans, on the to the effect that Carvajal, the leader of the 18 tionary forces on the Rio Grande, had just beet

The Merchant's Exchange, situated in Walls It originally cost about two millions.